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Worksheet 4T.1: Whole-Farm Strategies (http://misadocuments. info/4T.1WholeFarmStrategies.pdf)

WHOLE-FARM STRATEGIES

Use the space below to articulate one or two whole-farm strategies that you may be considering (e.g., transitioning gradually versus transitioning all at once). We have provided space for two whole-farm strategies, but you may have more than two alternatives in mind. Think of these short descriptions as something you would share with someone who asks, *What are you thinking of doing?* Next, describe the rationale behind each whole-farm transition strategy. Reflect on your current situation, goals and future vision. Recall conversations that you have had with your planning team and review the SWOT analysis that you created on **Worksheet 2T.12: Current Whole-Farm SWOT Analysis.** Keep this information in front of you when exploring specific operations, marketing, human resource and finance strategies in Planning Task Four: Strategic Planning.

Strategy name:
Strategy description (What are you thinking of doing?):
Strategy rationale (Why are you thinking of doing it?):
Strategy name:
Strategy description (What are you thinking of doing?):
Strategy rationale (Why are you thinking of doing it?):

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Worksheet 4T.2: Operations Strategy Summary (http://misadocuments.info/4T.2OperationsStrategySummary.pdf)



OPERATIONS STRATEGY SUMMARY

Complete this operations worksheet for your preferred whole-farm transition strategy whether you plan to grow commodities, raise livestock or process products. Begin with a brief description of production opportunities. If you are uncertain about what to write here, try asking yourself, Why is this a particularly good time to transition? Next, describe your three- to five-year operations strategy. When doing so, summarize information about your crop rotation, grazing schedule and processing plans as well as associated resource needs during the first five years. Next, describe resource needs and how you will fill any resource gaps—identify acquisition strategies for needed land, buildings, machinery, equipment, breeding livestock and inputs. Afterward, explain your plans for certifying the farm. List which certifier(s) you plan to contact as well as any other special permits and licenses that may be needed to implement your operational strategy.

If your operations strategy appears viable at this stage in planning, summarize all of the information from this worksheet in two to three paragraphs under "Business Plan Input." This information can be transferred to AgPlan in the *Operations* section when ready. If you are not convinced of this proposed transition strategy, this may be a good time to put on the brakes and review your goals and explore alternative strategies.

Opportunities (List industry-wide opportunities and those that are unique to your farm):
Strategy Description (Describe how you will transition your land, animals or processing operations):
Resource Needs and Acquisition Strategies (How will you fill gaps or access needed inputs?):
Legal Obligations (e.g., organic certification, licenses, permits needed):

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continued \rightarrow

	our operations strategy seem via ms or hurdles below, then revise			
may want to return	to the strategy alternative(s) list	ted on Worksheet 4T.1:	Whole-Farm Strategies and	l begin again.)
	t: (Summarize operations opport n plans and legal obligations. Rec			unities, resource needs,
Does this strategy s	till look like the best option, or	should you consider an	alternative?	

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Worksheet 4T.3: Crop and Livestock Enterprises (http://misadocuments.info/4T.3CropandLivestockEnterprises.pdf)

TASK 4

CROP AND LIVESTOCK ENTERPRISES

Use the space below to brainstorm which crop and livestock enterprises you would like to include in your organic rotation as well as any production conditions or needs that might influence your ability to include them in rotation plans. Next, list new buildings, equipment and other inputs that will be required to manage these crop and livestock enterprises according to organic certification requirements as well as any anticipated new skills that will be necessary to learn or to address through hired help, consultants, etc.

Enterprise	New Production Needs	New Skills
	_	
	_	
	_	
	_	
ntify areas where you need to lea	rn new skills to manage new enterprises using organic	methods:



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Worksheet 4T.4: Transitional Farm Map (http://misadocuments.info/4T.4TransitionalFarmMap.pdf)

TRANSITIONAL FARM MAP

Use the space below to create a map for each year in your rotation and grazing schedule so that you have a sequence of maps representing your three years of transition plus the first two years of certification. This exercise is similar to the one you did in Planning Task Two: Current Situation, only now you are mapping the future. Depict field rotations, buffers, conservation measures and erosion practices. If your operation includes livestock, be sure to note fencing, watering lines, housing and grazing schedules. You may also want to include field notes on your map about soil types as well as pest, weed and disease management practices (e.g., tillage and cultivation practices), and expected changes in herd size and pasture practices. More than one worksheet or sheet of paper may be needed.

Click in the space below and follow instructions to import a file of your map (PDF or image file.)

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Worksheet 4T.5: Organic Processing Map (http://misadocuments.info/4T.5OrganicProcessingMap.pdf)



ORGANIC PROCESSING MAP

Use the space below or a separate piece of paper to create a processing flow chart and facility map. These diagrams are much like field maps in that they visually describe where you will process and how you will process. Flow charts and facility maps are required for an OSPH and typically include building dimensions, processing stations (e.g., washing, cutting, cooking, packing, etc.), equipment notes, bathroom locations, and storage and distribution areas. At this point in your research, your facility map and processing flow chart may be a bit rudimentary. Do not worry. You can refine your maps by adding more detail as you continue to develop your processing strategy.

Click in the space below and follow instructions to import a file of your map (PDF or image file.)



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Worksheet 4T.6: Processed Products and Services (http://misadocuments. info/4T.6ProcessedProductsServices.pdf)

PROCESSED PRODUCTS AND SERVICES

List value-added products and services that you plan to process (e.g., organic bread). Next, in the second column, describe the type of processing required for each value-added product or service (e.g., dehydration, fermentation, baking). In the third column, list processing needs such as equipment and the type of facilities that will be required to complete all processing tasks. Finally, if known, record the location of existing processing facilities or options for establishing processing and service-related infrastructure for your farm.

F	Products/Services	Type of Processing (equipment, facilities)	Needed for Processing
1			
2			<u> </u>
3			
			_
4			
5			
			_
6			
Record the	location and distance of existin	ng processing facilities if processing off-site or de	escribe your on-farm facilities:

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Worksheet 4T.7: Production Estimates, Crops (http://misadocuments.info/4T.7ProductionEstimates,Crops.pdf)

TASK 4

PRODUCTION ESTIMATES, CROPS

Use the space below to record changes in your estimated crop output for each field over the five-year planning period. Field numbers should correspond with your farm map(s). Create additional copies of this worksheet as needed. Summarize your crop production plans in three to four sentences for the "Business Plan Output Summary" below.

	•	— TRANSITION —		← CERTI	FIED
Field No	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
Enterprise _					
No. of acres					·
Avg. yield per acre _					
Total yield per field _					
Field No	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
Enterprise _					
No. of acres					
Avg. yield per acre					
Total yield per field _					
Field No	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
Enterprise _					
No. of acres					
Avg. yield per acre _					
Total yield per field _					
Business Plan Output	t Summary:				



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Worksheet 4T.8: Production Estimates, Livestock (http://misadocuments.info/4T.8ProductionEstimates,Livestock.pdf)

PRODUCTION ESTIMATES, LIVESTOCK

Use the space below to record changes in your estimated livestock output for each enterprise over the five-year planning period. Create additional copies of this worksheet as needed. Summarize your livestock production plans in three to four sentences for the "Business Plan Output Summary" below.

	•	— TRANSITION —	-	← CERTI	FIED ———
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
nterprise _					
o. of animals _					
vg. output/animal _					
otal output _					
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
nterprise _					
o. of animals _					
/g. output/animal _ otal output _					
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
nterprise _					
o. of animals					
g. output/animal _ tal output _					
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
nterprise _					
lo. of animals vg. output/animal _					
otal output					
usiness Plan Output	Summary:				

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Worksheet 4T.9: Production Estimates, Processed Products (http://misadocuments.info/4T.9ProductionEstimatesProcessedProducts.pdf)



PRODUCTION ESTIMATES, PROCESSED PRODUCTS

Use the space below to record your maximum processing capacity for each product over the five-year planning period. There is enough room on this worksheet for three products. Processing capacity, or the number of processed units, is dependent on availability of raw products, other inputs, machinery, factilities, labor and market demand. "Raw input needed" refers to the primary ingredient(s) needed for each processed product, including the quantity needed per unit of product. We have provided room for three raw inputs for each product. If more room is needed, use a blank sheet of paper. Calculate the total number of units of each raw input you need to reach your maximum processing capacity.

If this is your first time putting estimates to paper, provide your best guess. You can return to this worksheet later after conducting further production, marketing, human resource and financial research to make revisions. When ready, summarize your processing plans in three to four sentences for the "Business Plan Output Summary" below.

	← TRANSITION —			► ← CERTIFIED →		
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	
PRODUCT NAME						
Units						
(a) Processing capacity (No. of units)						
(b) Quantity of raw input needed/unit						
Total raw input (a*b)						
(c) Quantity of raw input needed/unit						
Total raw input (a*c)						
(d) Quantity of raw input needed/unit						
Total raw input (a*d)						

	•	— TRANSITION —	-	← CERTIFIED →	
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
PRODUCT NAME					
Jnits					
a) Processing capacity No. of units)					
o) Quantity of raw nput needed/unit					
otal raw input (a*b)					
c) Quantity of raw nput needed/unit					
otal raw input (a*c)					
d) Quantity of raw input needed/unit					
otal raw input (a*d)					
RODUCT NAME					
Inits			-		
a) Processing capacity No. of units)					
o) Quantity of raw nput needed/unit					
otal raw input (a*b)					
c) Quantity of raw					
otal raw input (a*c)					
d) Quantity of raw nput needed/unit					
otal raw input (a*d)					
Business Plan Output Summ	narv:				
	/ -				

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Worksheet 4T.10: Licenses and Certification (http://misadocuments.info/4T.10LicensesCertification.pdf)



LICENSES AND CERTIFICATION

List county, state and federal regulations that affect your farm business, then record any licenses and certifications needed to satisfy these regulations. Requirements may be different for transition and for certification. Space has been provided for each. Finally, describe your plans for addressing the regulations and note any outstanding questions or follow-up required. Be sure to include all relevant regulations related to production, handling and processing, and your timeline for meeting them.

		TRANSITION	CERTIFIED ORGANIC	
Regulatory issue	Regulations	Licenses, conditions and fees	Licenses, conditions and fees	Strategy for addressing regulations
Planning				
Zoning				
Waste management				
Health and safety				
Buildings				
Environmental				
Crop production				
Livestock production				
Processing				
Handling and storage				



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Worksheet 4T.11: Operations Risk Management (http://misadocuments.info/4T.11OperationsRiskManagement.pdf)

OPERATIONS RISK MANAGEMENT

Use the space below to identify production risks for each enterprise during transition. Examples might include weather, cross contamination from non-organic fields, yield penalties, weeds, etc. Next, brainstorm risk management strategies that can be used to avoid or mitigate each risk. In some cases, you may not have a risk management solution. Leave these spaces blank and return to them later. Blank spaces will be a reminder of where strategy holes may exist or of issues that may need a little research. Ask experienced organic farmers about any uncertainties or visit with a certifier to begin exploring risk management options. Finally, develop some recovery strategies in the space provided to address anticipated worst-case scenarios.

Enterprise:
Transition Risks:
Risk Management Strategies:
Recovery Strategies:
Enterprise:
Transition Risks:
Risk Management Strategies:
Recovery Strategies:
Enterprise:
Transition Risks:
Risk Management Strategies:
Recovery Strategies:
Do any of the risks and risk management strategies identified here alter your operations strategy? If so, how? (Revise your operations strategy summary on Worksheet 4T.2: Operations Strategy Summary and in AgPlan if applicable.)

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Worksheet 4T.12: Marketing Strategy Summary (http://misadocuments.info/4T.12MarketingStrategySummary.pdf)



MARKETING STRATEGY SUMMARY

Use the space below to describe your marketing strategy for crops, livestock products and processed products or services. If your strategy varies by crop or product—as it likely will—make a copy of this worksheet and complete one for crops and one for products and services.

Begin by summarizing marketing trends and opportunities. Provide information from your research (e.g., information obtained during conversations with buyers and others). Next, in three to four sentences, describe your buyers and your plans for accessing markets. List your competitive advantage in each market and then briefly describe your whole-farm marketing strategy for crops and products. If using AgPlan, include this information in the *Marketing Strategy* section.

Opportunities (List industry-wide opportunities and those that are unique to your business):
Strategy Description:
Buyers and Terms of Sale:
How will you gain access to buyers or markets?

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continued →

TASK 4

Competitive Advantages:
Legal Obligations (Will you require an OSPH?):
Feasibility (Does your marketing strategy seem viable?): (If "yes," prepare your business plan input statements below. If "no," list the problems or hurdles below, then revise your marketing strategy accordingly. If there are significant problems, you may want to return to the strategy alternative(s) listed on Worksheet 4T.1: Whole-Farm Strategies and begin again.)
Business Plan Input - Marketing Strategy Summary: (Summarize operations opportunities, your strategy and how it addresses opportunities, resource needs, resource acquisition plans and legal obligations. Record in AgPlan when ready.)
Does this strategy still look like the best option, or should you consider an alternative?

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Worksheet 4T.13: Projected Enterprise Sales (http://misadocuments.in-fo/4T.13ProjectedEnterpriseSales.pdf)

TASK 4

PROJECTED ENTERPRISE SALES

Use the space below to estimate sales revenue for each field or enterprise. Total output numbers come from production estimates developed earlier (Worksheets 4T.7-4T.9). Calculate revenue only for products that you plan to sell. Do not include revenue for products that will be utilized on the farm, such as livestock feed. Prices come from your own market research, price reports (see the Resources section) and contracts. Add the revenue from each enterprise to arrive at total projected enterprise sales. Make additional copies of this worksheet, if needed, to capture income from all enterprises. An electronic spreadsheet is available to help with these calculations at http://misadocuments.info/OrganicTransitionPlanner_spreadsheets.xlsx.

	← TRANSITION — ►			← CERTIFIED →		
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	
Field/enterprise						
(a) Output for sale						
(b) Price per unit						
(c ₁) Revenue (a*b)						
Field/enterprise						
(a) Output for sale						
(b) Price per unit						
(c ₂) Revenue (a*b)						
Field/enterprise						
(a) Output for sale						
(b) Price per unit						
(c ₃) Revenue (a*b)		<u></u>				
Total projected enterprise sales = (c ₁ +c ₂ +c ₃)						



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Worksheet 4T.14: Marketing Risk Management (http://misadocuments. info/4T.14MarketingRiskManagement.pdf)

MARKETING RISK MANAGEMENT

Use the space below to identify marketing risks for each enterprise during transition. Next, brainstorm risk management strategies that can be used to avoid or mitigate each risk. In some cases, you may not have a risk management solution. Leave these spaces blank and return to them later. Blank spaces will be a reminder of where strategy holes may exist or of issues that may need a little research. Ask experienced organic farmers about any uncertainties or visit with a certifier to begin exploring risk management options. Finally, develop some recovery strategies in the space provided to address anticipated worst case scenarios.

Enterprise:
Transition Risks:
Risk Management Strategies:
Recovery Strategies:
Enterprise:
Transition Risks:
Risk Management Strategies:
Recovery Strategies:
Enterprise:
Transition Risks:
Risk Management Strategies:
Recovery Strategies:
Do any of the risks and risk management strategies identified here alter your marketing strategy? If so, how? (Revise your marketing strategy summary on Worksheet 4T.12: Marketing Strategy Summary and in AgPlan if applicable.)

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Worksheet 4T.15: Human Resource Strategy Summary (http://misadocuments.info/4T.15HRStrategySummary.pdf)

TASK 4

HUMAN RESOURCE STRATEGY SUMMARY

Use the space below to describe human resource opportunities (e.g., a family member wants to join the business) and your human resource strategy. Next, list your management and labor needs during the five-year planning period and summarize general strategies that you will use to fill these human resource needs. For example, will your labor come from family, hired seasonal help or custom-hire service providers? Pay specific attention to management experience, training and qualifications that will help you address human resource needs. Next, list human resource-related expenses in the space provided. Examples of human resource expenses include wages, salaries, benefits, taxes, insurance and training. You will use this information when estimating projected cash flow and profitability for the whole farm. Finally, summarize your whole-farm human resource strategy under "Business Plan Input." Enter your summary under *Human Resources* in AgPlan, if you are using it.

Human Resource Opportunities:
Strategy Description:
Human Resource Needs:
Management Experience and Qualifications:
Human Resource Expenses:
Business Plan Input—Human Resource Strategy Summary:
Does this strategy still look like the best option, or should you consider an alternative?



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Worksheet 4T.16: Acquired Knowledge (http://misadocuments.info/4T.16AcquiredKnowledge.pdf)

ACQUIRED KNOWLEDGE

What knowledge, skills or experience do you bring to the farm business? Answer this question in the space below by describing your farming experience, efforts you have already made to learn about organic management, and anything else that feels relevant. Next, document how you or others involved in the business intend to fill knowledge gaps in production, marketing and other areas of management. Will you develop new management skills by attending events such as field days, conferences, workshops or networking groups, or through on-farm experience as hired labor, an intern or a volunteer? This exercise will give you and your lender confidence in your management strategies and overall business plan. Include this information on your human resource strategy summary (Worksheet 4T.15: Human Resource Strategy Summary) or in the management section of your business plan.

Farming Experience:
Efforts Made to Learn About Organic Management:
Plans to Fill Knowledge Gaps:



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Worksheet 4T.18: Recordkeeping Strategy (http://misadocuments.info/4T.18RecordkeepingStrategy.pdf)

RECORDKEEPING STRATEGY

Briefly describe the type of records needed for organic certification, handling and marketing. (See Text Box 4T.3: Examples of Records Needed for Organic Certification.) This may vary depending on whether you will maintain a split operation or plan to custom hire some of the activities. Be sure to note who will be responsible for recordkeeping tasks! Finally, summarize your recordkeeping strategy under "Business Plan Input." This can be added to the Management and Organization section of AgPlan. Records needed: Research you have done to learn about organic recordkeeping, audit trails and lot numbers: System you intend to use for recordkeeping (e.g., computer software, three-ring binder, shoe box): Person(s) responsible for recordkeeping: Business Plan Input - Recordkeeping Strategy Summary:

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Worksheet 4T.17: Management and Workforce Responsibilities (http://misadocuments.info/4T.17ManagementandWorkforce.pdf)



MANAGEMENT AND WORKFORCE RESPONSIBILITIES

Use this worksheet to identify the people involved in your farming operation and their key responsibilities during transition and after certification. In the first column, list the names of all full-time, part-time and seasonal workers who will provide labor on the farm, including family. Use the next column to describe their key responsibilities related to operations, marketing, human resources and finance, and whether these tasks are performed daily, weekly or seasonally. In the remaining two columns, indicate when each person's busiest and slowest times of year are. Or if you prefer, use the grid you developed with **Worksheet 2T.9: Current Human Resources** as the basis for this exercise.

This will help you identify management and labor bottlenecks that may occur during transition. Record this information, as well as your ideas for addressing bottlenecks or needs, in the space provided at the end of this worksheet. These ideas will become your acquisition strategies and can include hiring labor, offering internships, engaging custom operators and bartering with another farmer, to name a few examples.

Person	Tasks/Key Responsibilities	Busiest Time(s) of Year	Slowest Time(s) of Year
			
Human Resource Bo	ttlenecks, Needs and Acquisition Strategies:		

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Worksheet 4T.19: Human Resource Risk Management (http://misadocuments. info/4T.19HRRiskManagement.pdf)



HUMAN RESOURCE RISK MANAGEMENT

Use the space below to identify human resource risks for each major task or job during transition (e.g., field work, calving, marketing, recordkeeping). Next, brainstorm risk management strategies that can be used to avoid or mitigate each risk. In some cases, you may not have a risk management solution. Leave these spaces blank and return to them later. Blank spaces will be a reminder of where strategy holes may exist or of issues that may need a little research. Ask experienced organic farmers about any uncertainties or visit with a certifier to begin exploring risk management options. Finally, develop some recovery strategies in the space provided to address anticipated worst case scenarios.

Task:
Transition Risks:
Risk Management Strategies:
Recovery Strategies:
Task:
Transition Risks:
Risk Management Strategies:
Recovery Strategies:
Task:
Transition Risks:
Risk Management Strategies:
Recovery Strategies:
Do any of the risks and risk management strategies identified here alter your human resource strategy? If so, how? (Revise your human resource strategy on Worksheet 4T.15: Human Resource Strategy Summary and in AgPlan if applicable.)



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Worksheet 4T.20: Projected Family Living Expenses (http://misadocuments.in-fo/4T.20ProjectedFamilyLivingExpenses.pdf)

PROJECTED FAMILY LIVING EXPENSES

Use this worksheet to estimate future family living expenses and your necessary income contribution from the farm business. Space has been provided to allow for expense estimates during transition and the first two years of certification, if you anticipate annual changes in family living expenses (e.g., college). If you expect family living expenses to remain unchanged from your current expense estimates, you can skip this worksheet. An electronic spreadsheet is available to help with these calculations at http://misadocuments.info/OrganicTransitionPlanner_spreadsheets.xlsx.

FAMILY LIVING EXPENSE (\$/year) YEAR 1 YEAR 2 YEAR 3 YEAR 4 YE	AR 5
Food and meals	
Medical care and health insurance	
Cash donations	
Household supplies	
Clothing	
Personal care	
Child/dependent care	
Gifts	
Education	
Recreation	
Utilities (household share)	
Nonfarm vehicle operating expense	
Household real estate taxes	
Dwelling rent	
Household repairs	
Nonfarm interest	
Life insurance payments	
Total cash family living expenses	
Farm assets used for personal/	
family consumption	
Total family living expenses	
(sum of all above) (a)	
OTHER NONFARM EXPENSES	
Income taxes	
Furnishings and appliances	
Nonfarm vehicle purchases	
Nonfarm real estate purchases	
Other nonfarm capital purchases	
Nonfarm savings and investments	
Other nonfarm expenditures	
Total other nonfarm expenditures (b)	
Total other normalin experiences (b)	
Total cash family living investment and	
nonfarm capital purchases (c) = (a+b)	
Nonfarm income (d)	
Necessary contribution from	
farm business (c)-(d)	

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Worksheet 4T.21: Financial Strategy Summary (http://misadocuments.info/4T.21FinancialStrategySummary.pdf)

TASK 4

FINANCIAL STRATEGY SUMMARY

Use the space below to document financial opportunites (e.g., list potential investors, low interest rates or a recent gift of land). Next, summarize your financial strategy for reaching farm business goals and implementing other transition strategies related to operations, marketing and human resources. Will you rely on financing to make any needed investments that are required for the transition? Will you build wealth (assets) and reduce debt over time? Then in the space provided, document how income, profits and cash flow will change over time as your transition strategy is implemented. Much of this information can be found on **Worksheets 4T.24-4T.26**. Next, describe any capital needs (start-up, operating, intermediate, long-term, real estate). Then, identify a source for addressing these finance needs (e.g., guaranteed loan from FSA, borrowed funds from bank, angel investor). Record how you will organize the business (e.g., sole proprietorship, corporation). Finally, draft a brief summary of your whole-farm financial strategy and include it in the *Financial Plan* section of AgPlan or in your own word document.

Financial Opportunities:		
Strategy Description:		

continued ->

TASK 4

	•	— TRANSITION —	-	← CERTIF	IED——▶
	YEAR 1	YEAR 2	YEAR 3	YEAR 4	YEAR 5
Projected Income					
Projected Cash Flow					
Projected Total Assets					
Capital Requests					
Capital Source					

Business Organization:

Business Plan Input—Financial Strategy Summary:

Does this strategy still look like the best option, or should you consider an alternative?

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Worksheet 4T.22: Projected Farm Expenses (http://misadocuments.info/4T.22ProjectedFarmExpenses.pdf)



PROJECTED FARM EXPENSES

Estimate direct and overhead expenses for transition and the first two years after certification. If you are considering more than one whole-farm strategy, copy this worksheet or download a blank copy from the MISA website. Be sure to estimate and include: 1) annual ownership costs of machinery, equipment and buildings (i.e., depreciation, interest, repairs, taxes and insurance); and 2) start-up costs as either one-time cash expenses or as part of annual debt or lease payments (depending on how you decide to finance these costs). Note that we have included a line for "chemicals" to be consistent with other worksheets, but this expense item will likely remain empty during transition and upon certification. If you prefer, an electronic spreadsheet is available to help you with these calculations at http://misadocuments.info/OrganicTransitionPlanner_spreadsheets.xlsx.

	•	— TRANSITION —	-	← CERTIF	IED
DIRECT EXPENSES	YEAR 1	YEAR 2	YEAR 3	YEAR 4	YEAR 5
Seed					
Fertilization					
Chemicals					
Irrigation energy					
Other direct crop expenses					
Feeder livestock expenses					
Feed and forages					
Pasture					
Breeding					
Veterinary					
Other direct livestock expenses					
Crop insurance					
Custom hire					
Fuel and oil					
Repairs and maintenance					
Storage					
Processing					
Certification fees					
Professional fees					
Education					
Office supplies					
Marketing					
Seasonal labor					
Interest on operating loan(s)					
Sales taxes					
Other operating expenses					
Total Direct Expenses (a)					

continued →

TASK 4

	← TRANSITION ← →			← CERTIFIED →		
OVERHEAD EXPENSES	YEAR 1	YEAR 2	YEAR 3	YEAR 4	YEAR 5	
Utilities						
Rent and leases						
Hired labor						
Owner wages						
Depreciation						
Farm insurance						
Taxes (property, payroll taxes)						
Interest on intermediate loan(s)						
Interest on long-term debt	 _					
Other overhead expenses	 _					
Total Overhead Expenses (b)						
Total Farm Expenses = (a+b)						

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Worksheet 4T.23: Projected Income Statement (http://misadocuments.info/4T.23ProjectedIncomeStatement.pdf)

TASK 4

PROJECTED INCOME STATEMENT

Use the space below to record projected farm income and expenses for the first five years of your whole-farm strategy. These numbers come from your projected enterprise sales (Worksheet 4T.13) and projected farm expenses (Worksheet 4T.22). Then calculate the net farm income for the strategy being considered by subtracting total expenses from total revenue and adding in any inventory changes (you can use Worksheet 2T.16: Calculating Depreciation and Inventory Changes to estimate these numbers). How does projected net farm income under your transition and organic certification strategy compare to your current farm income (Worksheet 2T.14)? Note that if you are considering more than one strategy, you should copy this worksheet and complete it for each strategy, or download additional copies from the MISA website. Electronic spreadsheets are also available to assist with these calculations at http://misadocuments.info/OrganicTransitionPlanner_spreadsheets.xlsx.

•	TRANSITION			← CERTIFIED ──		
	YEAR 1	YEAR 2	YEAR 3	YEAR 4	YEAR 5	
Enterprise sales (a)						
Cooperative distributions (b)						
Government payments (c)						
Crop insurance proceeds (d)					·	
Custom hire income (e)						
Other income (f)						
Gross cash farm income						
(g)= (a+b+c+d+e+f)						
Farm expenses (h)						
Inventory change (i)						
Net farm income						
(j) = (g-h) +/- (i)						
How do your farm income proj Statement)?	ections compare	to your current farm	n income (found or	n Worksheet 2T.14: C	urrent Income	



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Worksheet 4T.24: Projected Cash Flow (http://misadocuments.info/4T.24ProjectedCashFlow.pdf)

PROJECTED CASH FLOW

Use the space below to calculate cash flow during transition and your first two years of certification. If you are exploring more than one transition strategy, make a copy of this worksheet and complete it for each. Begin by estimating total cash inflows and outflows. Then subtract outflows from the inflows. If the projected net cash flow is positive, then you should have enough cash on hand to cover expenses each year; you will be able to make debt payments on time. (Keep in mind that month-to-month cash flow may still be an issue.) If, on the other hand, net cash flow is negative, the farm business will have trouble repaying short-term debt. Compare this transitional cash flow plan to your current cash flow plan (found on **Worksheet 2T.15: Current Cash Flow**). An electronic version of this worksheet is available at http://misadocuments.info/OrganicTransitionPlanner_spreadsheets.xlsx

•	← TRANSITION →			← CERTIFIED →		
	YEAR 1	YEAR 2	YEAR 3	YEAR 4	YEAR 5	
CASH INFLOWS						
Gross cash farm income (a) (g) from Worksheet 4T.23						
Nonfarm income (b)						
Capital sales (c)						
New borrowings (d)						
Grants (e)						
Total cash inflows						
(f) = (a+b+c+d+e)						
CASH OUTFLOWS						
Total farm expenses (g)						
Depreciation (h)						
Total cash farm expenses						
(i) = (g-h)						
Living expenses (j)						
Taxes (income, social sec.) (k)						
Capital purchases (I)						
Principal payments (m)						
Total cash outflows						
(n) = (i+j+k+l+m)						
Net cash flow (f-n)						
Cumulative net cash flow						
(current year + previous years)						

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Worksheet 4T.25: Projected Balance Sheet (http://misadocuments.info/4T.25ProjectedBalanceSheet.pdf)

TASK 4

PROJECTED BALANCE SHEET

Construct a projected balance sheet for your transition strategy. Then, calculate your overall change in wealth earned from farm and nonfarm income after adjusting for living expenses and owner withdrawals. Compare the change in wealth (total assets) after certification is complete to current wealth (calculated on **Worksheet 2T.17: Current Balance Sheet**). If you prefer, use the spread-sheets found at https://misadocuments.info/OrganicTransitionPlanner_spreadsheets.xlsx to process the information needed for your balance sheet.

	◆ TRANSITION →			← CERTIFIED ──►		
	YEAR 1	YEAR 2	YEAR 3	YEAR 4	YEAR 5	
ASSETS						
Current Farm Assets						
Cash and checking						
Prepaid expenses and supplies						
Growing crops						
Accounts receivable						
Hedging accounts						
Crops and feed in storage						
Crops under government loan						
Market livestock						
Other current assets						
Total current assets (a)						
Intermediate Farm Assets						
Breeding livestock						
Machinery and equipment						
Other intermediate assets						
Total intermediate assets (b)						
I . T . F A						
Long-Term Farm Assets						
Farmland			·			
Buildings and improvements						
Other long-term assets						
Total long-term assets (c)						
Total farm assets (d) = (a+b+c)						
Nonfarm assets (e)						
Total assets (f) = (d+e)						

continued ->

TASK 4

	← TRANSITION —			← CERTIFIED — →	
	YEAR 1	YEAR 2	YEAR 3	YEAR 4	YEAR 5
LIABILITIES					
Current Farm Liabilities Accrued interest					
Accounts payable Current farm loans					
Principal on CCC loans					
Principal on term loans					
Total current					
farm liabilities (g)					
Intermediate farm					
liabilities (h)					
Long-term farm liabilities (i)					
Total farm liabilities					
(j)=(g+h+i)					
Nonfarm liabilities (k)					
Total liabilities (l) = (j+k)					
Net worth = (f-l)					

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\$ Needed

Worksheet 4T.26: Financial Needs and Capital Requests (http://misadocuments.info/4T.26FinancialNeedsandCapitalRequests.pdf)

Finance Strategy

TASK 4

FINANCIAL NEEDS AND CAPITAL REQUESTS

Use the space below to identify and develop a plan for all finance needs associated with your transition strategy. Begin by listing finance needs such as one-time start-up costs, annual operating expenses, and longer-term capital and real estate borrowings. Next list the approximate value of these needs and your strategy for financing them. Finance strategies might include savings, a private investor, grants, contract for deed, or credit.

Finance Needs

				•	0,	
One-time start-up needs						
- 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 1						-
					_	-
						-
Transitional needs (1-3 years)						•
					_	-
ntermediate needs (4-6 years)						_
					_	-
ong-term needs (7-10 years)						
						-
Real estate needs						
ical estate fields						-
Finance Options. If you plan to and other financing conditions suggest talking with a lender, a	from up to three	sources for each ne	ed identified.	Record your finding	s here. Once complete	, we
and transition needs.						



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Worksheet 4T.27: Financial Risk Management (http://misadocuments.info/4T.27Financial-RiskManagement.pdf)

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

Use the space below to identify different types of financial risk during transition (e.g., profitability risks, liquidity risks, solvency risks). Next, brainstorm risk management strategies that can be used to avoid or mitigate each risk. In some cases, you may not have a risk management solution. Leave these spaces blank and return to them later. Blank spaces will be a reminder of where strategy holes may exist or of issues that may need a little research. Ask experienced organic farmers about any uncertainties or visit with a certifier to begin exploring risk management options. Finally, develop some recovery strategies in the space provided to address anticipated worst case scenarios.

туре:
Transition Risks:
Risk Management Strategies:
Recovery Strategies:
Туре:
Transition Risks:
Risk Management Strategies:
Recovery Strategies:
Туре:
Transition Risks:
Risk Management Strategies:
Recovery Strategies:
Do any of the risks and risk management strategies identified here alter your financial strategy? If so, how? (Revise your financial strategy summary on Worksheet 4T.21: Financial Strategy Summary and in AgPlan if applicable.)

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Worksheet 4T.28: Whole-Farm SWOT for Certified Operations (http://misadocuments.info/4T.28WholeFarmSWOT.pdf)



WHOLE-FARM SWOT FOR CERTIFIED OPERATIONS

Describe potential internal strengths and weaknesses as well as external opportunities and threats for your farm after certification. Consider all aspects of your farm business—marketing, operations, human resources and finances.

Weaknesses
Threats



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Worksheet 4T.29: Scoring and Deciding on a Final Transition Strategy (http://misadocuments.info/4T.29ScoringandDeciding.pdf)

SCORING AND DECIDING ON A FINAL TRANSITION STRATEGY

Assess your whole-farm transition strategy by comparing it to your current situation. You can do this by giving the transition strategy and current plan a grade, so to speak.

Rate your current plan and new strategy using a score from one to five, with five being the highest. Refer to the strategy tests on page 102 (Figure 47.11: Best Fit Tests) for a description of the scoring criteria. Once your transition strategy and current plan are scored, add the scores. It is natural to look for the strategy with the highest score, and this will be important to consider. However, realize that the total score is based on the assumption that all tests are weighted equally (i.e., of equal importance to you). You and your planning team should look at score sums as well as scores for individual tests when making a final decision about which direction to take the farm business.

	CURRENT SITUATION	TRANSITION STRATEGY
Proposed Strategy		
STRATEGY TESTS	5 = highest sco	ore; 1 = lowest score
Vision Consistency		
Goodness of Fit		
Building for Future		
Importance		
Feasibility		
Resources		
Confidence		
Total Score		
	ussion with your planning team, how does to implement the new strategy?	your whole-farm transition strategy compare with your